The Gospel of John

Chapter 10, Verses 31-36

Review

- General Introduction to the Gospel of John
 - one of the four gospels, each of which is a biography of Jesus and an historical narrative of his life
 - one of the *five Johannine books*, all of which are among the last books in the Bible to have been written
 - written in Greek, primarily to those who already believed in Christ, including both Jews and Gentiles

Review

- Prolog: Jesus is the Word become flesh (1:1-18)
- John the Baptist introduced Jesus, Jesus performed many signs, and Jesus' ministry surpassed John's (1:19-3:36).
- Retreating to Galilee, Jesus was recognized in Samaria as the Savior of the World and people believed in Capernaum after he healed the son of a local official (Chapter 4).
- But the Jews in Jerusalem hated Jesus because he healed on the Sabbath and called God his father (Chapter 5)

Review (Feast of Tabernacles)

- In Galilee, although crowds followed Jesus because of the signs he performed, they sought earthy rewards and could not yet understand the eternal life which he offered. Almost everyone rejected Jesus (Chapter 6).
- Although he knew the Jews were still plotting to kill him, Jesus left Galilee, came to Jerusalem, and taught openly in the Temple, where God protected him, because his time had not yet come. (Chapter 7)

Review (Feast of Tabernacles)

- At the beginning of Chapter 8, we have the much loved story of the woman caught in adultery, regarding whom Jesus said to her accusers, "Let him who is without sin among you be the first to throw a stone at her." (8:1-8:11)
- John's narrative then returns to Jesus' teaching at the Feast of Tabernacles, a series of teachings which describes the uneasy relationship between Jesus and the Jews. At the end of Chapter 8, Jesus must hide himself from those who would throw stones at him (8:12-59)

Review (The Man Born Blind)

- Chapter 9 all has to do with the time Jesus gave sight to a man who had been blind from birth. (9:1)
 - Jesus taught that this man's blindness was not because of sin but so that God's works might be displayed in him. He said that he and his disciples should work while they could. (9:2-5)
 - The Pharisees were divided in their opinions regarding Jesus, because he had given sight to the man on the Sabbath. The man's parents were afraid to say much. The man himself knew and was willing to say that Jesus was from God. Finally the Pharisees put the man out of the synagogue (9:6-34).

Review (The Man Born Blind)

- Hearing that this man had been cast out of the synagogue,
 Jesus found him and explained that he (Jesus) was the Son of
 Man. The man believed Jesus and worshipped him. (9:35-38)
- Because of Jesus this man had been made to see --- both physically and spiritually. By contrast, the Pharisees thought they could see well enough without Jesus. Therefore they remained in their guilt, and spiritually blind. (9:39-41)

- Following his sharp rebuke of the Pharisees at the end of Chapter 9, Jesus continues speaking to them, through the first 18 verses of Chapter 10.
- Jesus' monolog is interrupted once briefly, in Verse 6 by the narrator, who speaks to inform us that the Pharisees did not understand the figure of speech Jesus was using.
- Jesus' figure was of a sheepfold, with a door intended for use by the sheep and by shepherds. (10:1-5)

- Jesus' applied this figure of the sheepfold in two ways:
 - by describing himself as the <u>door</u> of the sheep." (10:7-10)
 - by describing himself as the <u>Good Shepherd</u> who lays down his life for the sheep. (10:11-15)
- At first he appears to have in mind the people of <u>Israel</u>, but then he says that he has other sheep not of this fold, meaning that <u>gentiles too</u>, will be brought in, so that there will be <u>one flock and one shepherd</u>. (10:16)

- For all of his sheep, Jesus lays down his life and takes it up again. In this is seen the love of the Father and the Son for each other and for all their sheep. (10:17-18)
- Hearing all of this the Jews were, once again, divided in their thinking concerning Jesus:
 - Many thought he was crazy. Others did not. They urgeed him to say plainly whether he was the Messiah. (10:19-24)
- Jesus said he had told them plainly, and that the miracles done in God's name bore witness also, but <u>they did not</u> <u>believe him because they were not his sheep</u>. (10:25-26)

• Jesus's sheep know his voice. They follow him into eternal life. Nobody can snatch them from his hand, or from the hand of the Father! (10:27-30)

10:31そこでユダヤ人たちは、イエスを打ち殺そうとして、また石を取りあげた。

10:32するとイエスは彼らに答えられた、「わたしは、 父による多くのよいわざを、あなたがたに示した。 その中のどのわざのために、わたしを石で打ち殺そ うとするのか」。

10:33ユダヤ人たちは答えた、「あなたを石で殺そうとするのは、よいわざをしたからではなく、神を汚したからである。また、あなたは人間であるのに、自分を神としているからである」。

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10:36父が聖別して、世につかわされた者が、『わたしは神の子である』と言ったからとて、どうして 『あなたは神を汚す者だ』と言うのか。

- ³¹ The Jews picked up stones again to stone him.
- ³² Jesus answered them, "I have shown you many good works from the Father; for which of them are you going to stone me?"
- ³³ The Jews answered him, "It is not for a good work that we are going to stone you but for blasphemy, because you, being a man, make yourself God."
- ³⁴ Jesus answered them, "Is it not written in your Law, 'I said, you are gods'?

³⁵ If he called them gods to whom the word of God came--- and Scripture cannot be broken---

³⁶ do you say of him whom the Father consecrated and sent into the world, 'You are blaspheming,' because I said, 'I am the Son of God'?

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- This statement was the culmination of Jesus teaching using the figure of the sheepfold.

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- But as Jesus has recently explained, these Jews do not believe him, precisely because they are <u>not</u> God's sheep.

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- And this is nothing new: they have been on the verge of throwing stones at him before.

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- Both times, this happened in the temple, and Jesus' teaching had showed the Jews in an unfavorable light.

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• This reminds us of other times when the Jews in general and the Jewish leadership in particular reacted this way to a true but unflattering assessment of themselves --- e.g. the stoning of Stephen in Acts 7.

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- But these were just angry (and illegal) mob actions.

John 10:32

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- Jesus, in effect, tells them that they have no legitimate basis in law or otherwise for throwing stones at him.
- Putting it as a question, makes it all the more maddening for them.

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- Jesus has been the one whereby God has performed many good works.
- Is it one of these divine acts that has made them angry?

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- They as much as admit that all his works are good works

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 They say that their objection is that he is a man who makes himself God.

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- He refers to Psalm 82.6 which John quotes precisely from his Greek Old Testament (LXX).

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- In the passage quoted, God is the one who is speaking.
- To whom God is speaking, is the subject of some debate.
- I think Jesus understood that God was speaking to Israel, in general, and perhaps to her leaders in particular.

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- Scripture speaks with all of God's authority.

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• The inescapable implication is that it must sometimes be appropriate (at least for God) to perceive divine attributes in beings other than God.

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do you say of him whom the Father consecrated and sent into the world, 'You are blaspheming,' because I said, 'I am the Son of God'?

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- Jesus was consecrated and sent into the world by God.
- The title he claims for himself here is Son of God.

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Son of God is, by the way, the title which God gave him.

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- Jesus has repeatedly described his relationship with God in a way that the Jews have found too close for comfort.
- Jesus claim was bigger and different from the messianic claims that most of the Jews were hoping for.
- Jesus identified himself with God in a way that not even
 Abraham or Moses or anyone else had ever done before.

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 - He is not giving them the things they want.
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 - Their leaders
 - Their religion
 - Their nation